DENT 54 - Applied Dental Science II

Scope and objectives as required by American Dental Association and CA Code of Regulations

- A. Course and professional requirements
- B. Microbiology
 - 1. Micro-organism relating to dental procedures -- pathogens, bacteria, epidemiology, aerobes, anaerobes
 - 2. Asepsis, sepsis and the relations to sterilization and transmission of disease
 - 3. Common diseases caused by various microorganisms
 - 4. Methods by which bacteria may be studied
- C. Oral pathology
 - 1. Oral pathology
 - 2. Terms included in the vocabulary for oral pathology
 - 3. Body defenses and three major factors which affect the body's resistance to disease
 - 4. Most common lesions found in the oral cavity
 - 5. Biopsy procedure
 - 6. Process of repair and the terms "granulation tissue and regeneration"
 - 7. Dental caries and diseases of the dental pulp
 - 8. Difference between certain pathological conditions of oral soft and hard tissues
 - 9. Oral manifestations of nutritional disorders
- D. Pharmacology
 - 1. Parts of a prescription for drugs
 - 2. Routes of drug administration
 - 3. Drugs and preparations used and associated with dental treatment
 - 4. Care and storage of medicines according to accepted standards
 - 5. Laws pertaining to the regulation of dangerous drugs
 - 6. Prescribed or administered medications with expected systemic reactions
- E. Emergency and first aid in dentistry
 - 1. Basic supplies and medications necessary on an emergency cart and first aid kit
 - 2. Dental/medical health history and its relationship to preventing/treating an emergency
 - 3. Obtaining and updating a health history using open-ended questions and reviewing different formats
 - 4. Legal problems related to emergency care
 - 5. Procedures to help prevent medical emergencies
 - 6. Treatments for a variety of medical and dental emergencies
 - 7. Vital diagnostic signs/symptoms used by the dentist when examining a patient
 - 8. Use of the base line vital signs
 - 9. Most common emergencies of dental origin
 - 10. Acute infection or acute gingivitis and the treatment for the condition
 - 11. Types of shock occurring in the practice of dentristy
 - 12. Diagnostic signs and treatment of cardiac arrest, angina pectoris and cerebrovascular accident
 - 13. EKG recording and the cardiac cycle
 - 14. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation
 - 15. Diseases diabetes mellitus and hypoglycemia and treatment of their emergency
 - 16. Epilepsy and emergency treatment
 - 17. Symptoms and emergency treatment for hypoglycemia
 - 18. Three indications of drug addiction and the risks involved in treating this type of patient
 - 19. Symptoms and treatment for syncope, hyperventilation and allergic reactions

- 20. Treatment for hemorrhage, convulsion, eye injuries, and fractures
- 21. Occupational hazards and prevention to office personnel
- F. Preventive dentistry
 - 1. Plaque control program for a patient
 - 2. Aspects of a complete preventive dentistry program to provide education to individual needs
 - 3. Competence in personal oral hygiene, using a disclosing agent, the appropriate toothbrushing technique, dental floss, and other dental health aids as needed
 - 4. Plaque, acquired pellicle, disclosing agents, and methods of personal oral hygiene
 - 5. Tooth whitening trays and chairside procedure of in-office whitening
 - 6. Formation of plaque and the patterns of accumulation
 - 7. Oral irrigating devices, power toothbrushes, and mouthwashes in personal oral hygiene
 - 8. Step by step procedure for plaque control instruction
 - 9. Nursing bottle syndrome and how it can be prevented
 - 10. Role of fluorides in preventive dentistry (topical and systemic) through drinking water, dietary supplements, topical applications, and toothpaste
 - 11. Value of a preventive recall program/continuing care
 - 12. Importance of a developmental guidance program for an adult
 - 13. Role of preventive dentistry plays in the prevention of sports mJunes
 - 14. Role of the plaque control assistant including the planning of a plaque control program and facilitating learning
 - 15. Relationship between frequency and quantity or cariogenic foods in causing tooth decay
- G. Nutrition
 - 1. Nutrition and nutrients
 - 2. Knowledge and understanding of nutrition being important as a dental assistant
 - 3. Carbohydrates in nutrition
 - 4. Key nutrients and their primary functions
 - 5. Sources of antioxidants
 - 6. Role of fats in the diet differentiating between saturated fats, polyunsaturated, and monounsaturated
 - 7. HDL and LDL as it relates to diet
 - 8. Dietary Reference Intalces and how they reduce the risk of cluonic disease
 - 9. Role of protein in the diet and compare the terms: complete protein, incomplete protein, and essential amino acids
 - 10. Essential vitamins and minerals by stating their primary function and listing one good source of each
 - 11. Six major food groups and identification of food found in each group
 - 12. Primary nutrition contributions of each of the six food groups found in my Pyramid.
 - 13. Empty calories in terms of the food containing them and how they affect our nutrition, well-being, and weight control
 - 14. Basic concepts of nutrition and how food needs differ for family members, and how these needs can be effectively met
 - 15. Competence in keeping and evaluation a diet diary
 - 16. Diets for pre/post oral surgery new denture patients, orthodontic patients and injury patients
 - 17. Primary objective of any preventive dentistry program
 - 18. Need for preventive dentistry and the role of general dentistry and dental specialties in prevention
 - 19. Role of diet in a plaque control program
 - 20. Interpretation of food labels
 - 21. Health and oral implication of eating disorders

22. Criteria for food to be considered "organic"